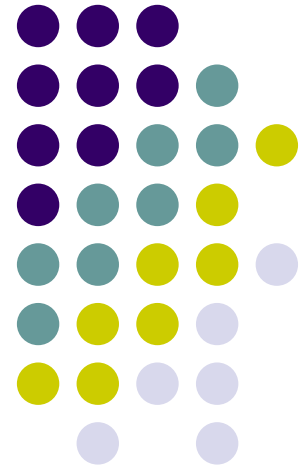


Enabling Discovery and Innovation: Role of NSF/OCI

46th AIAA Aerospace Sciences Meeting and Exhibit
Reno, NV
January 7-10, 2008

Abani K. Patra
Program Director, Office of Cyberinfrastructure
apatra@nsf.gov





OCI People

- 
- The National Science Foundation logo is centered in the background. It features a blue globe with a network of gold lines radiating from it, forming a star-like pattern. The words "NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION" are written in a circular path around the globe in a teal, sans-serif font.
- D. Atkins, *Director*
 - J. Munoz, *Deputy Director*
 - S. Meacham, *HPC, TeraGrid*
 - K. Thompson, *Networking, Middleware*
 - L. Nowell, *Data, HCI*
 - D. Rhoten, *VO, LWD*
 - A. Patra, *HPC, TeraGrid*

The World We Live in

- Friedman's Flat World vs Florida's Spiky World
 - "Industrial production" is increasingly global
 - Scientific Discovery and Innovation remain geographically local

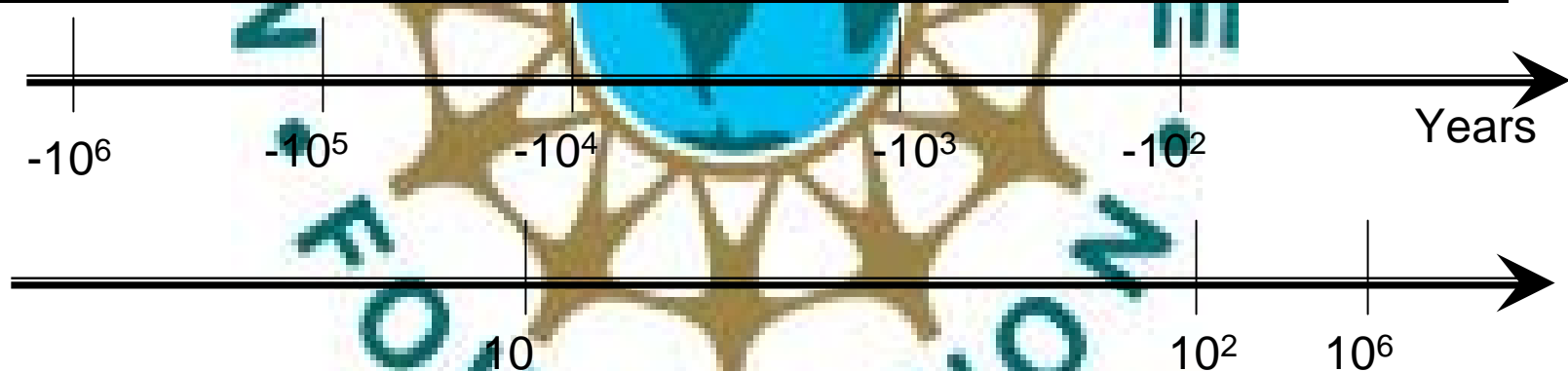


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are needed to see this picture.

QuickTime™ and a
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are needed to see this picture.

Atlantic Monthly, October 2005

The World We Live in

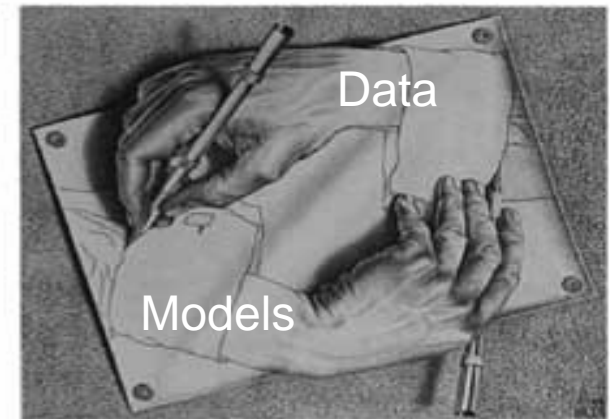
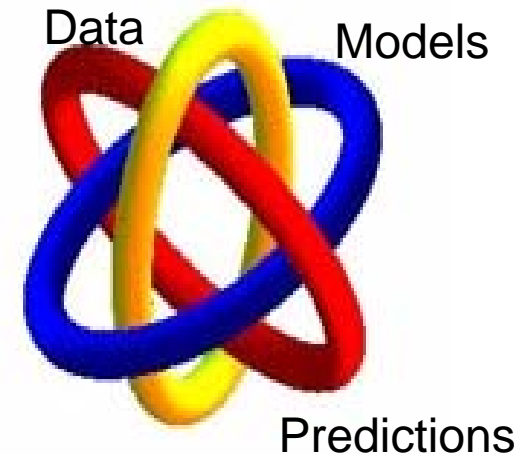


Size of personal network / power of computing and communication



Data + Models + People = Predictions

- Predictive simulations integrate the best models and **all available data** in a rigorous framework that **enables meaningful extrapolation**.
 - *Shark behavior in gulf predicted Katrina effects well!*
- **PREDICTIVE SCIENCE** requires that all DATA and MODELS be seamlessly accessible to ALL with minimal barriers – technological and intellectual.
- Synthesize diverse ideas and data
- **Bayesian Uncertainty Quantification** vs. **Newtonian Determinism**

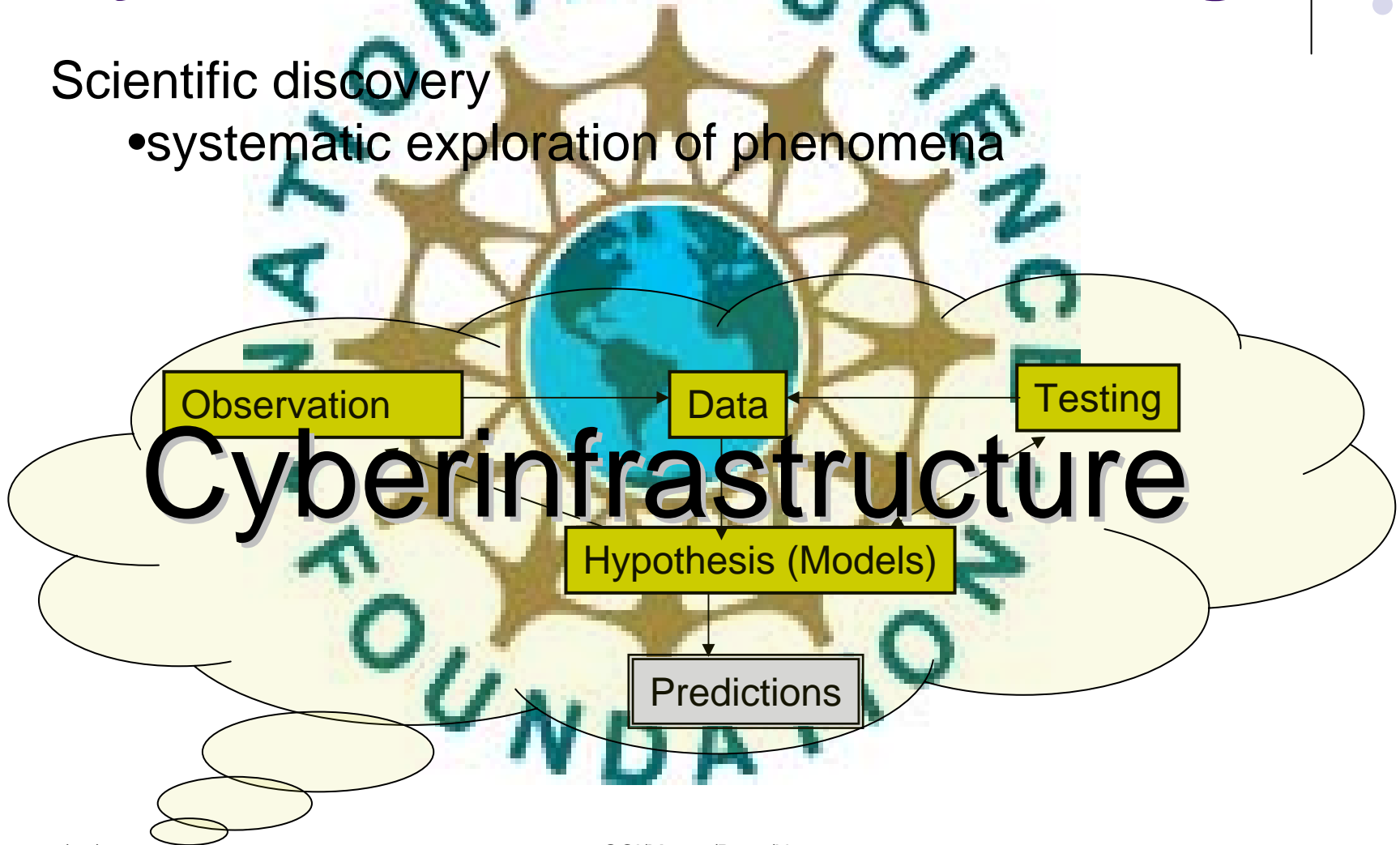




Cyber enabled Science & Eng

Scientific discovery

- systematic exploration of phenomena

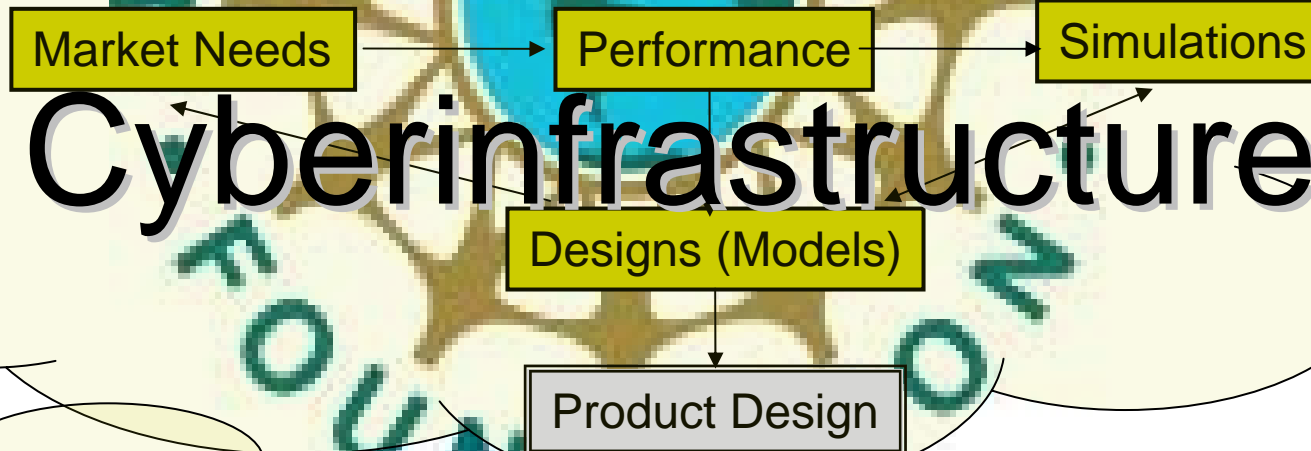




Cyber enabled Science & Eng

Engineering Innovation

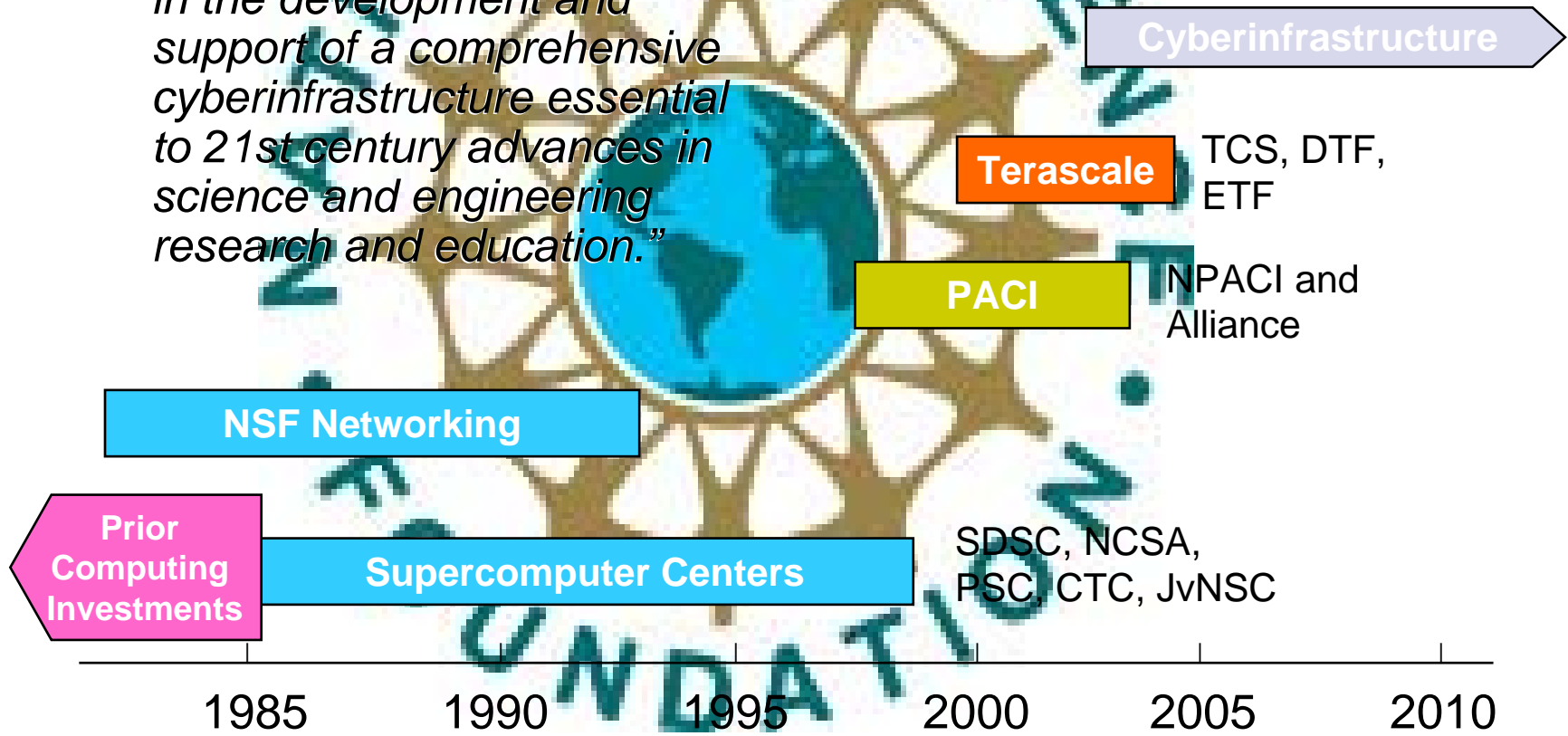
- systematic exploration of designs





What is CI: The History

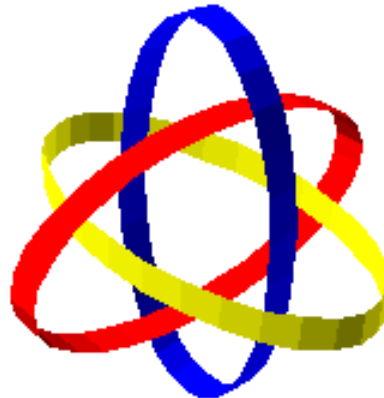
“NSF will play a leadership role in the development and support of a comprehensive cyberinfrastructure essential to 21st century advances in science and engineering research and education.”





Achieving the NSF CI Vision requires synergy
between 3 types of activities

**Transformative
Application** - to
enhance discovery &
learning



catalyzes

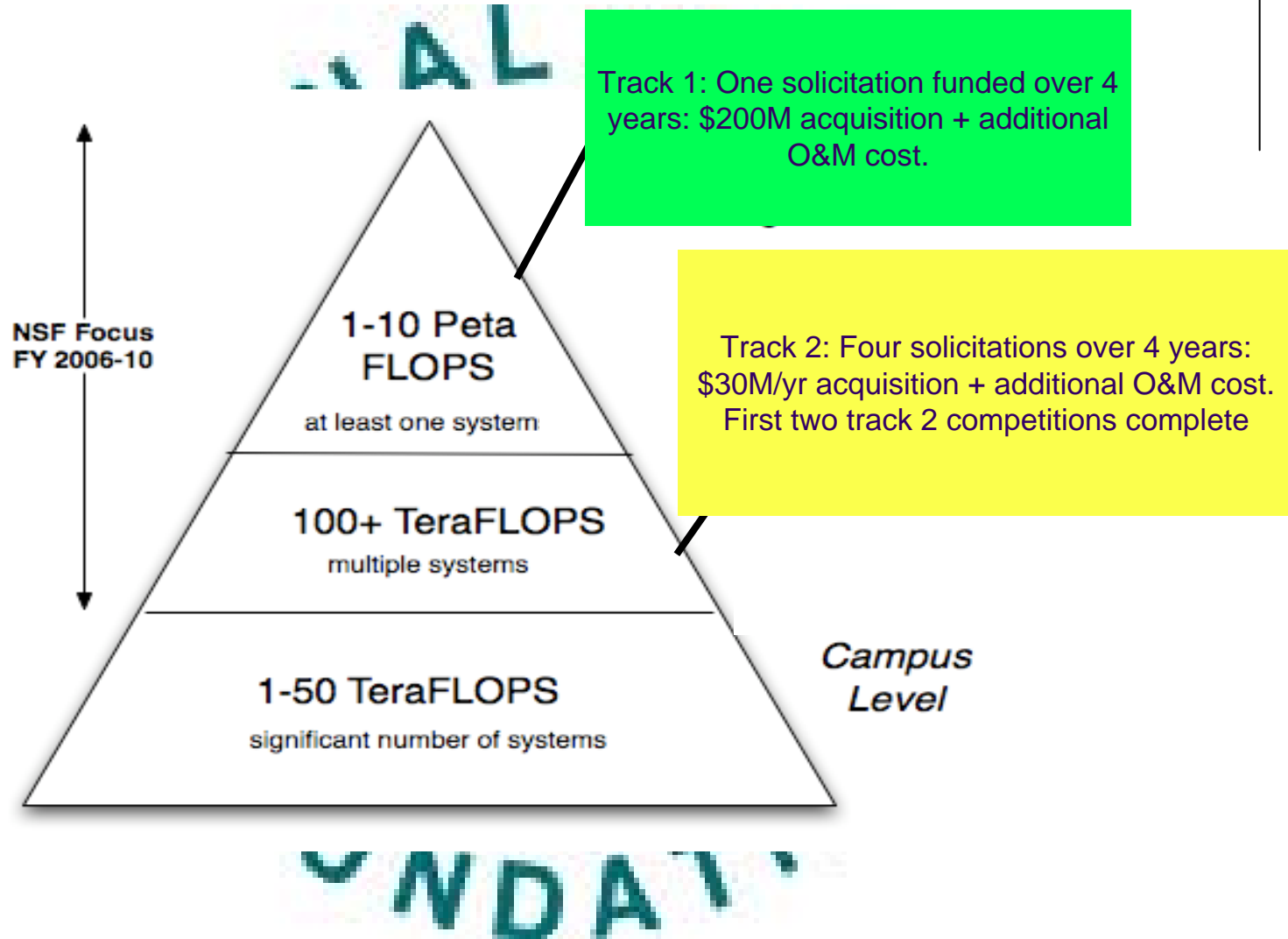
Provisioning - Creation,
deployment and
operation of advanced
CI

provides shared
and connecting
CI

Office of
Cyberinfrastructure

R&D to enhance technical and *social*
effectiveness of future CI environments

Borromean Ring: The three rings
taken together are inseparable, but
remove any one ring and the other
two fall apart. See
www.liv.ac.uk/~spmr02/rings/





Hardware Acquisitions

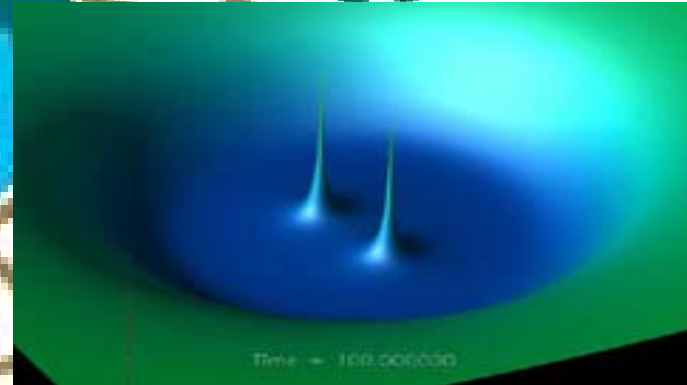
NSF building a portfolio of high end systems

Equipment and 4/5 years of operations

First Acquisition at Texas Advanced Computing Center → over 500 TF, 100 TB memory, 1.7PB disk, using 50K+ cores, Infiniband interconnect;



Proposed Ranger System at TACC



Campanelli et. al. produced the first simulations of generic, highly-spinning black holes with unequal masses by solving Einstein field equations using TeraGrid supercomputers and a specialized AMR technique.



Hardware Acquisitions

Two further acquisitions in progress

- “Track I” Leadership class machine - capable of **sustaining** PF/s on a range of problems with commensurate memory and communication frameworks -- awarded to University of Illinois for system named “Blue Waters” to be operational in 2011
- “Track II” – second competition awarded to Univ. of Tennessee JICS -- two more are planned
- “Track II” -- third competition underway
- NCAR has aggressive acquisition plan for support of atmospheric research!



Barriers


- “But HPC and other high end CI tools are still only *accessible* to the few computational scientists¹ who can master a domain science, program parallel, distributed algorithms, and *use/manage* a supercomputer².” – R. Waite on “Why MicroSoft has gotten into HPC?”
- *Petascale Systems will transform computational discovery but such systems will have deep hierarchies of functional units, cores, processors, cache, memory, and interconnect, offering significant reward, but requiring significant innovation* -- N. Nystrom, PSC

¹at select well provisioned sites

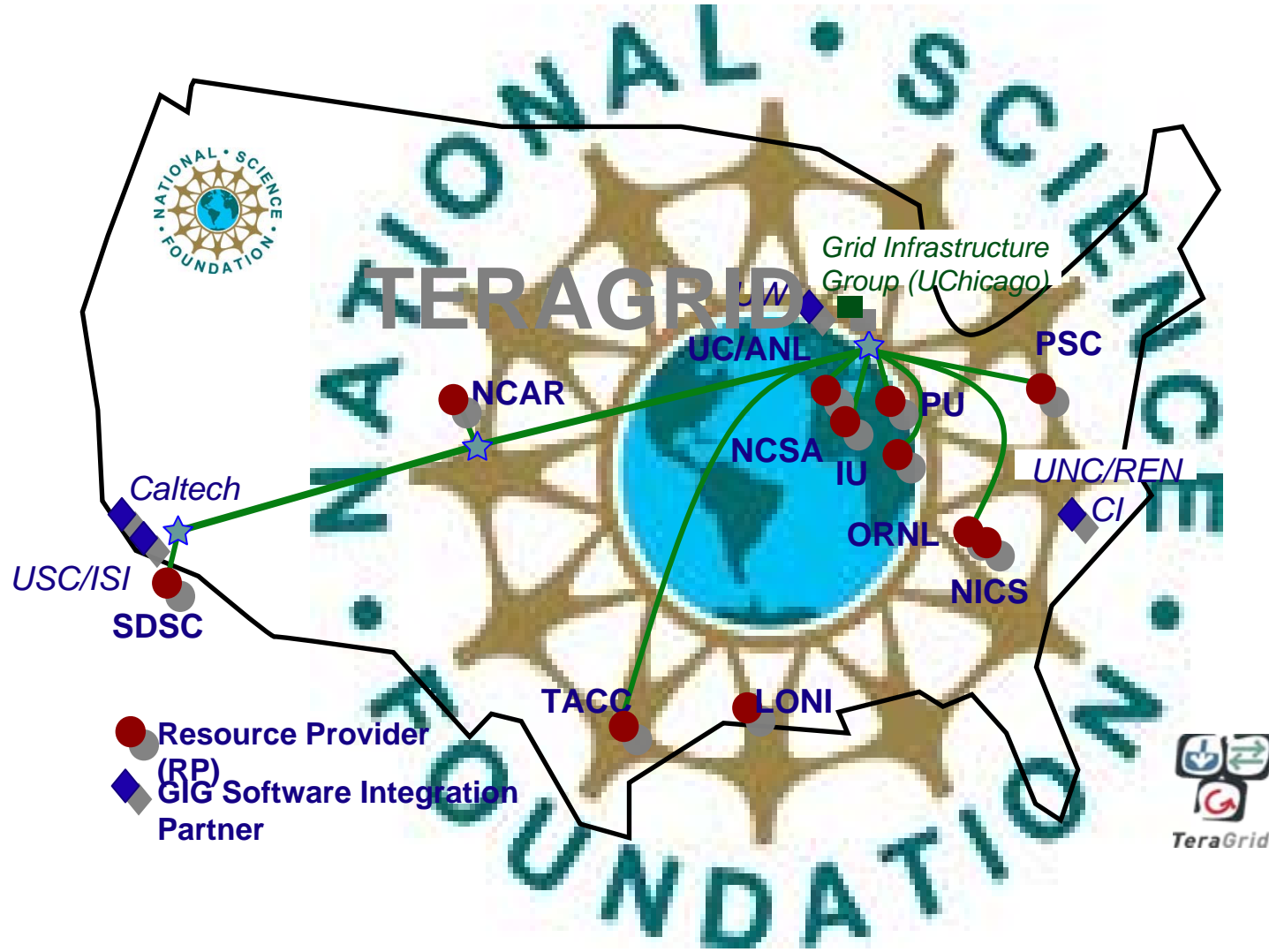
¹whose architecture and programming change every 18 months!



Barriers

- 
- The logo of the International Science Foundation is a circular emblem. It features a central blue globe with a white grid of latitude and longitude lines. Surrounding the globe is a golden, multi-pointed star or web-like structure. The words "INTERNATIONAL • SCIENCE FOUNDATION" are written in a circular path around the globe, with "INTERNATIONAL" at the top, "SCIENCE" on the right, and "FOUNDATION" at the bottom. The dots are in shades of purple, teal, yellow, and light blue.
- High Performance Computing, simple access to **ALL RELATED** data from observation, experiment and earlier simulations and good visualization must become routine – not heroic efforts!
 - Technological, social and economic barriers need to be surmounted.
 - Partnerships between all stakeholders will be needed.
 - Need the power of many!

11 Resource Providers, One Facility



- DEEP
- WIDE
- OPEN

Current & Future TeraGrid HPC Systems



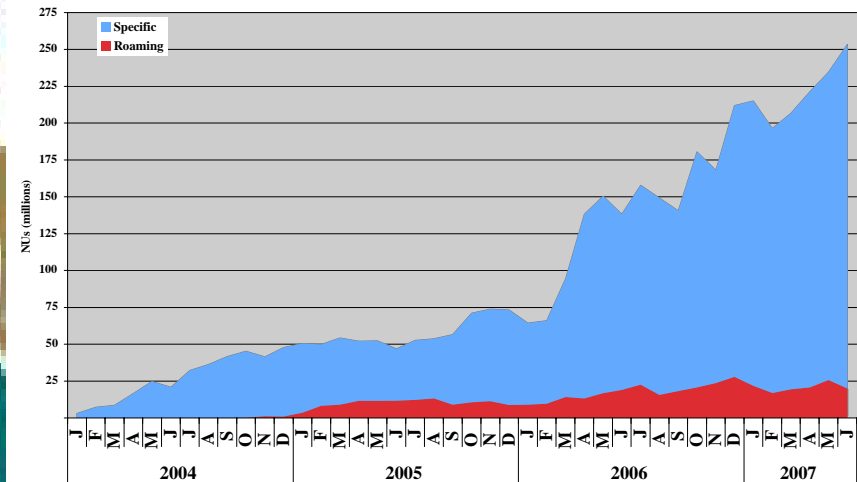
QuickTime™ and a
decompressor
are needed to see this picture.

- Ranger adds 504 peak TF and NICS will add 1+ peak TF!
- Blue Water >> 1 PF ??

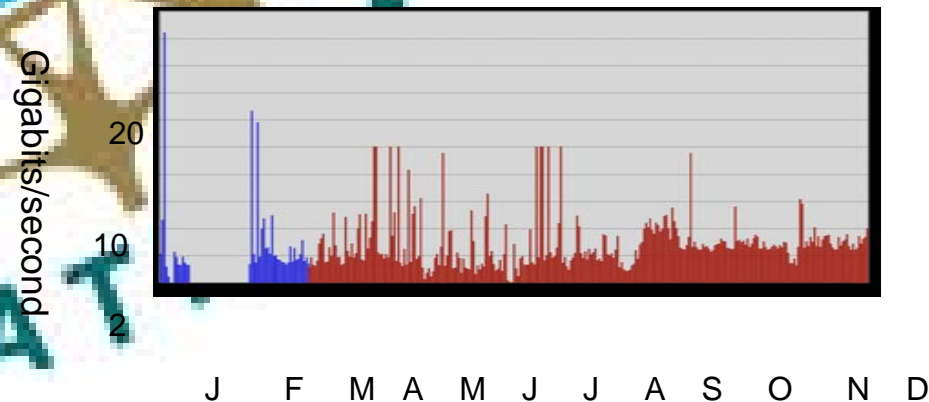
TeraGrid (TG)



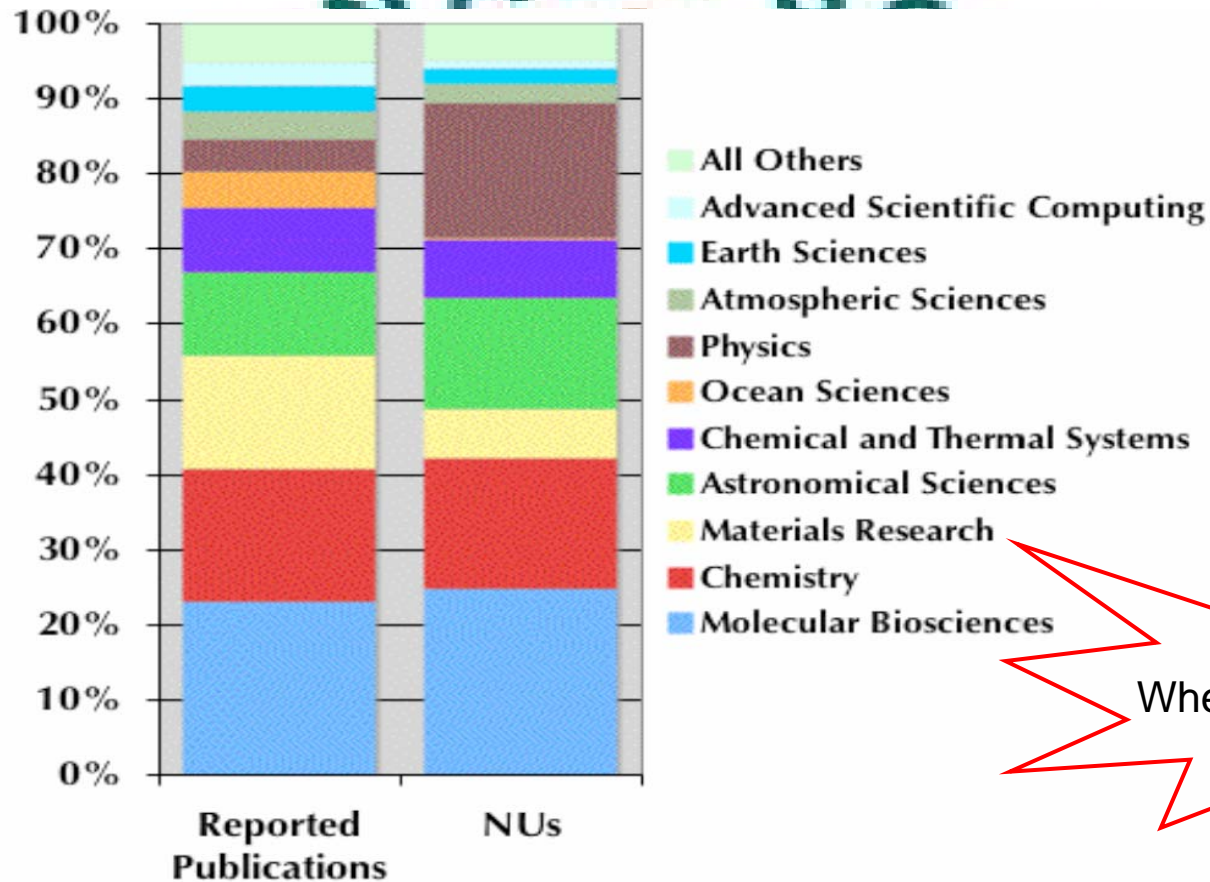
- Eleven resource providers (RPs), four software integration partners, and the Grid Infrastructure Group (GIG), LSU, NICS joining in FY'08
- Common user environments, global file systems, cross-site workflows, coordinated support ...
- Peer reviewed merit based common allocation process for Computing, Data and as of this year sustained user support.
- 875* user publications acknowledged TG in CY2006 up from 485 in CY2005



1 1 NU is the computational equivalent of 1 CPU-hour on the Cray X-MP.



Usage and Science Impact

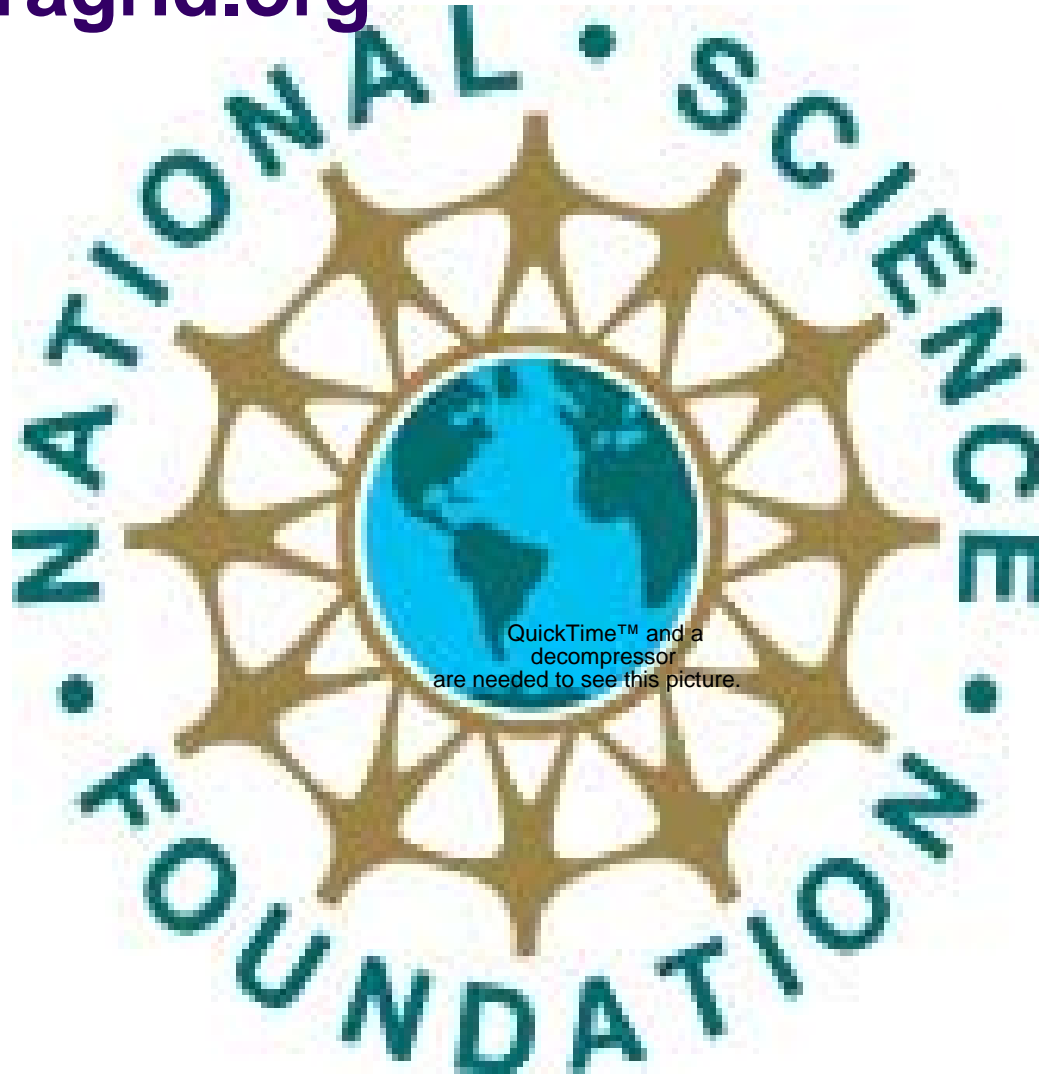


Where is Aerospace?

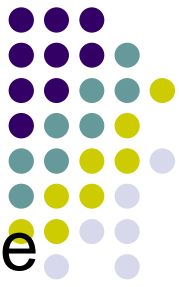
Users are from 265 institutions and 47 states.

TeraGrid User Portal

portal.teragrid.org



QuickTime™ and a
decompressor
are needed to see this picture.



- TeraGrid is the largest, most powerful open science cyberinfrastructure in the world
- TeraGrid is about to become vastly more powerful with the integration of petascale computing systems
- TeraGrid offers resources, allocations, applications, and support to enable terascale/petascale science
- TeraGrid project expires in 2010. Plans for follow on are currently seeking community input.
<http://teragridfuture.org/>

Teragrid Future

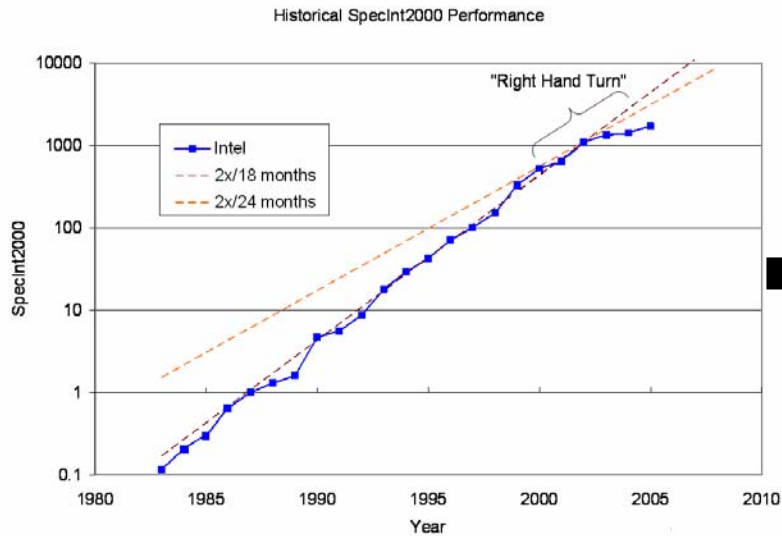


Contribute a Position Paper

The Steering Committee is soliciting **position papers up to 3 pages in length**. Position papers should describe how TeraGrid can help you, your project, community, or organization to address science or engineering research challenges and should consider what this might mean for future TeraGrid capabilities, governance, resources, services, etc. In keeping with the goal of the planning process, position papers should focus on needs and requirements in the timeframe 2010-2015. Some questions to help guide your thinking are given below.

- What is the vision for TeraGrid-II? Is it a continuation of the existing program with some enhancement, or is it something much different? What do we call it?
- Who are the users and what is TeraGrid-II's responsibility for large and small problems?
- What is the role of TG-II as an NSF-funded cyberinfrastructure?
- What is the role of TG-II in the larger cyberinfrastructure for research both nationally and internationally
- Continuity and its role in TG-II: Should there be institutional continuity or funding continuity over longer periods of time? Should the NSF consider new ways to review TeraGrid periodically without forcing a new competition for the infrastructure?
- Send position papers to Ann Zimmerman at asz@umich.edu by **Friday, January 11, 2008**. Please note that position papers will be posted on the planning web site and made available for public review and comment.

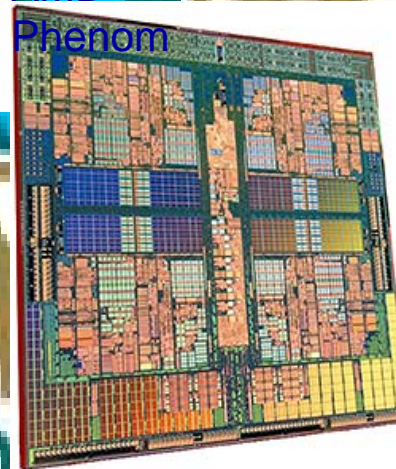
Barriers



- Preserve system performance curve by increasing # of threads(cores)
- Reduce frequency/voltage => reduce power (15% => 48% power reduction)

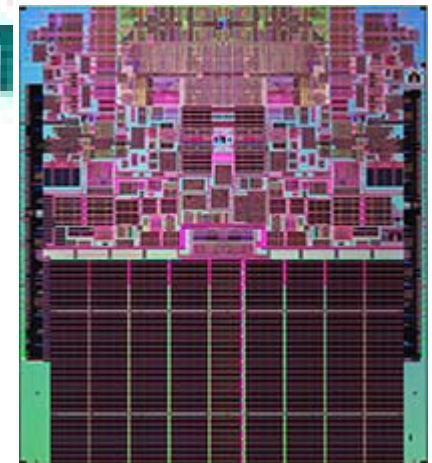


AMD Phenom



http://www.amd.com/us-en/assets/content_type/DigitalMedia/43264A_hi_res.jpg

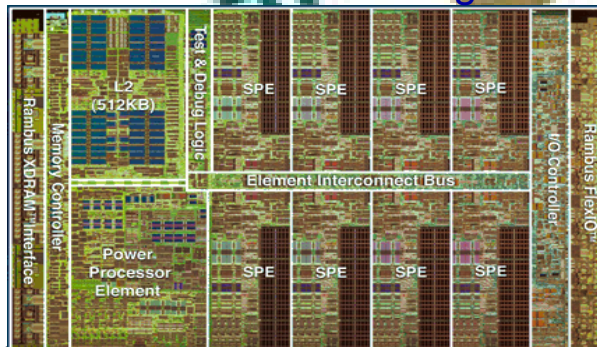
Intel Woodcrest



<http://www.intelstartyourengines.com/images/Woodcrest%20Die%20Shot%202.jpg>

Single Thread Performance

IBM Cell Broadband Engine



1/16/2008

<http://domino.research.ibm.com/comm/research.nsf/pages/r.arch.innovation.html?open>

OCI/Munoz/Patra/Nov 2007



Barriers

- Applications must be optimized across a hierarchy of levels: within cores, between cores on a socket, between direct-connected sockets, between sockets linked by an interconnect (possibly with rich topology), and across multiple levels of cache and memory.
 - Hierarchical Parallelism is key -- contrary to current flat data parallel models
- Support
 - *effective programming models & implementations* (software and hardware). Hybrid Programming(MPI+???), PGAS languages ...
 - *effective performance tools*, 2 NSF funded groups last year Snively UCSD et. al. and Malony et. al U. Oregon
 - *libraries and frameworks(?)*
 - *Fault Tolerance.(?)*

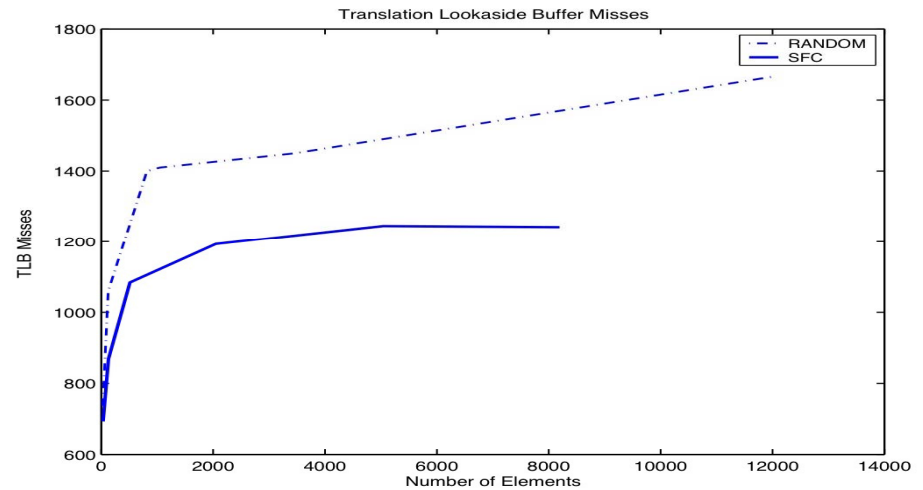
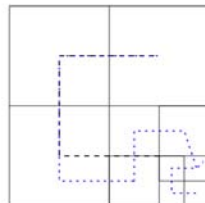
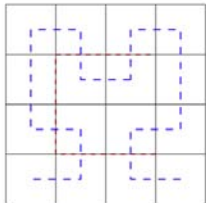
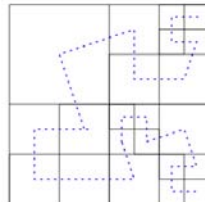
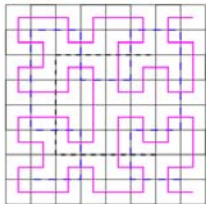
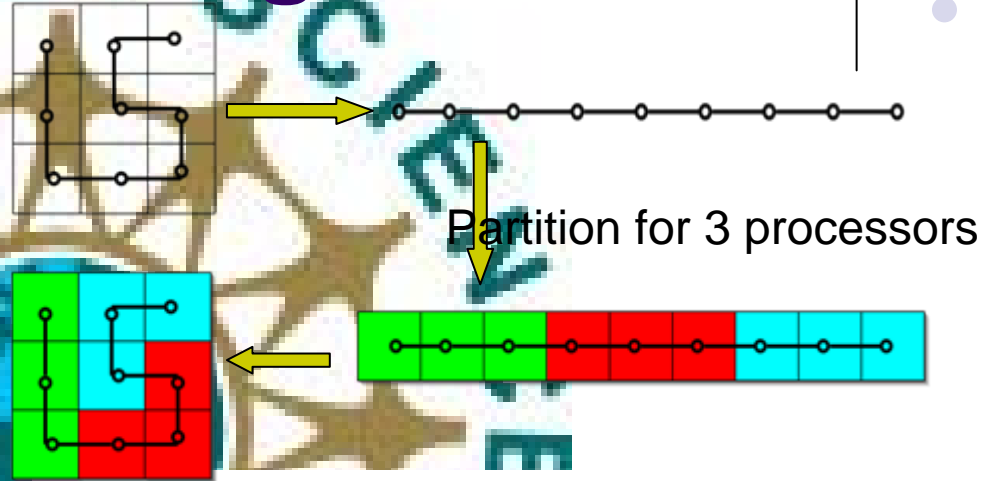


Ideas

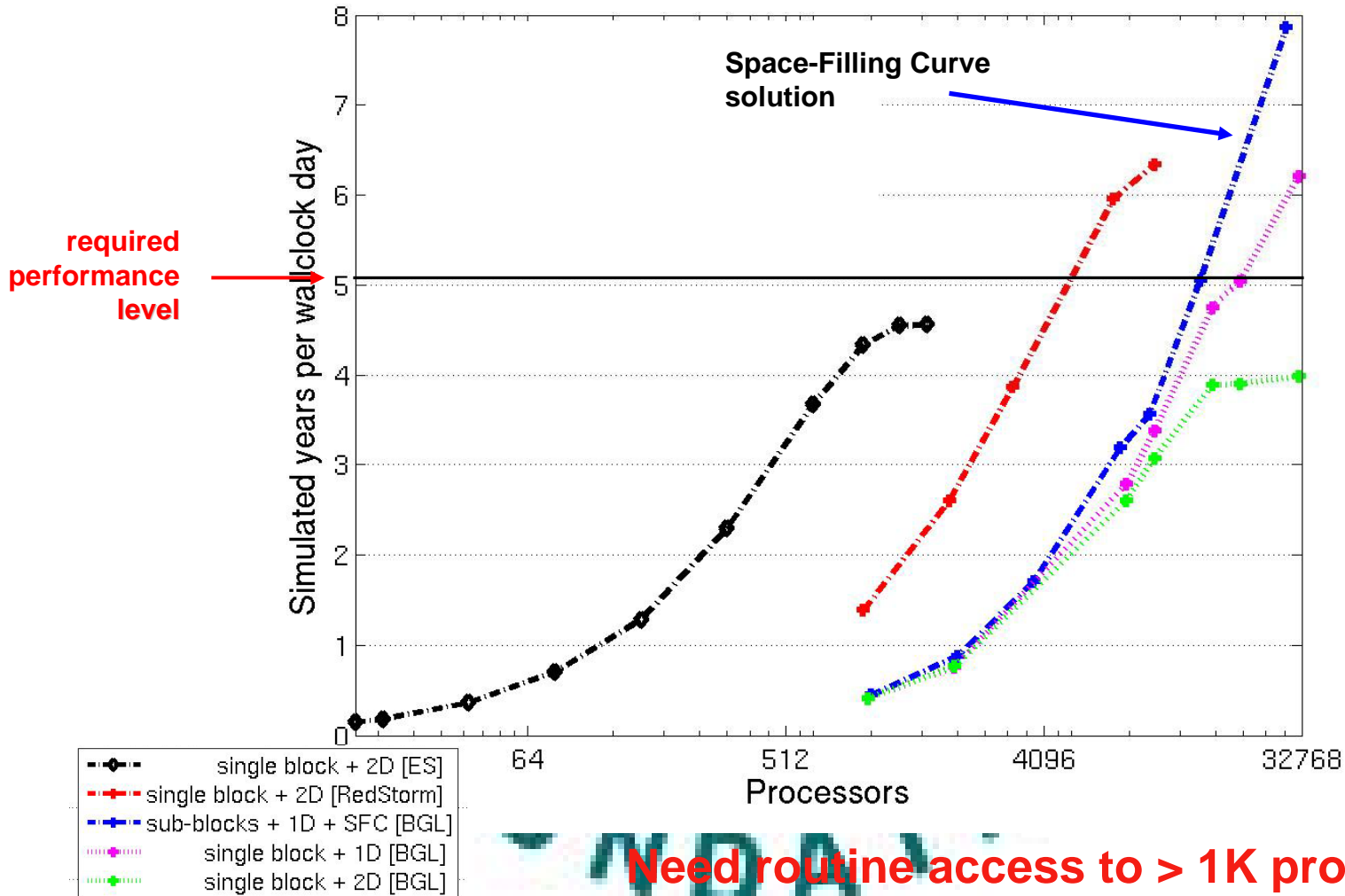
- Irregular Applications and Irregular Architectures
 - Adaptive Mesh Refinement, Multi-pole type schemes ...
- Data Driven Dynamic Load Balancing --
 - Application steering using CPU, network, memory performance data?
- “Self Organization of Data, Computations and Communications?”
- Scale the science not the code
-

SFC Based Data Organization

Use SFC based indexing
For data storage/access and
partitioning



POP 0.1° (~10 km) Performance



Need routine access to > 1K processors to see true scaling behavior!



Software Development for CyberInfrastructure

- **NSF 07-503 (closed), FY'08 deadline in April**
- Develop, deploy and sustain a set of reusable and expandable software components and systems that benefit a broad set of science and engineering applications
 - **software activities** for enhancing scientific productivity and for facilitating research and **education collaborations** through sharing of data, instruments, and computing and storage resources. The program requires open source software development
- Three focus areas in '07: HPC, Middleware, Digital Data
- Pending funding will be re-issued in 2008

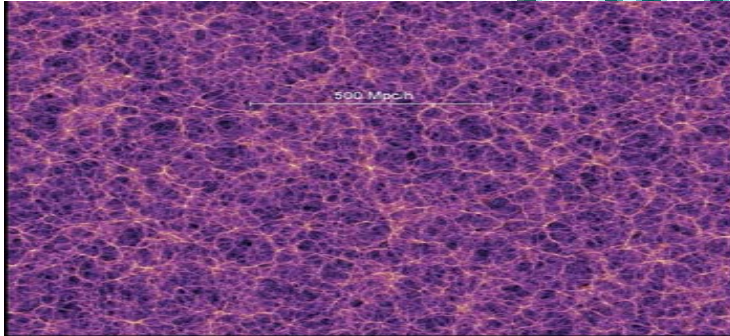
PetaScale Software Development



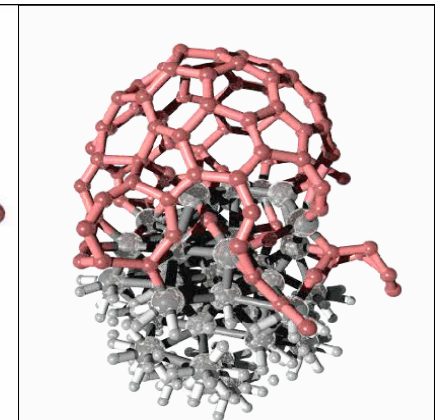
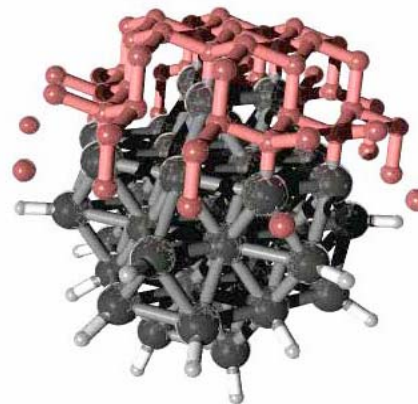
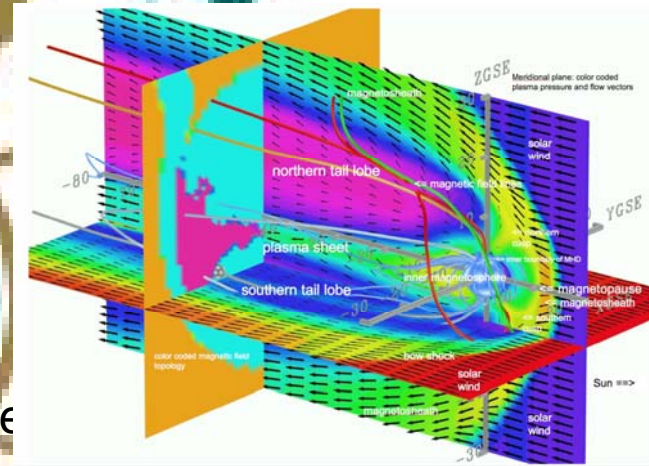
NSF 07-559 “PetaApps” –

- “to develop the future simulation, optimization and analysis tools that can use petascale computing” ... “implementation and exploitation of forefront techniques”
- Cross Foundational program with participation from OCI, MPS, CISE, Engineering and GEO
- \$26M in 18 awards each of less than \$2M over 3-5 years. Wide range of science/engineering Applications funded
- Subsequent years in discussion currently

Significant Science Applications Funded



- Climate Change
- Earthquake Dynamics and structural response
- Nanoscale Transistor Models
- Supernovae Simulations
- High Reynolds Number Turbulent Flows
- Particulated Flows
- First principle molecular dynamics
- Quantum Chromo Dynamics ...





Strategic Technologies for Cyberinfrastructure

PD 06-7231 Standing program Strategic Technologies for
CI – Core OCI program

support work leading to the development and/or demonstration of
innovative cyberinfrastructure services for science and
engineering research and education that fill gaps left by more
targeted funding opportunities

consider highly innovative cyberinfrastructure education, outreach
and training proposals that lie outside the scope of targeted
solicitations -- (*“the crazies”*).

Two dates each year

August and February

\$2.5M



Cyber-Enabled Discovery and Innovation (CDI)

Objective of CDI:

Enhance American competitiveness by enabling innovation through the use of computational thinking.

- Multi-disciplinary research seeking contributions to more than one area of science or engineering, by innovation in, or innovative use of **computational thinking**
- Computational thinking refers to computational...
 - ...Concepts, Methods, Models, Algorithms & Tools



CDI is Unique within NSF

- five-year initiative;
- minimum of \$26M in FY 2008 in a common solicitation with up to an additional \$26M available to the divisions
- Budgets projected to increase each year to a total investment of \$750 M
- to create *revolutionary* science and engineering research outcomes made possible by innovations and advances in computational thinking
- emphasis on bold, multidisciplinary activities



Key Dates and URL:

- Letters of Intent (required) due: Nov 30, 07
- Preliminary Proposals due: Jan 8, 08
- Full proposals due: April 29, 08
 - Full proposals by invitation only!
- Awards: no later than October 2008
- For more information:
 - Solicitation:
<http://www.nsf.gov/pubs/2007/nsf07603/nsf07603.htm>
 - FAQ, examples, resources:
<http://www.nsf.gov/crssprgm/edi>



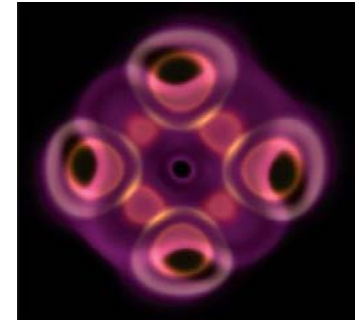
Transformative Research

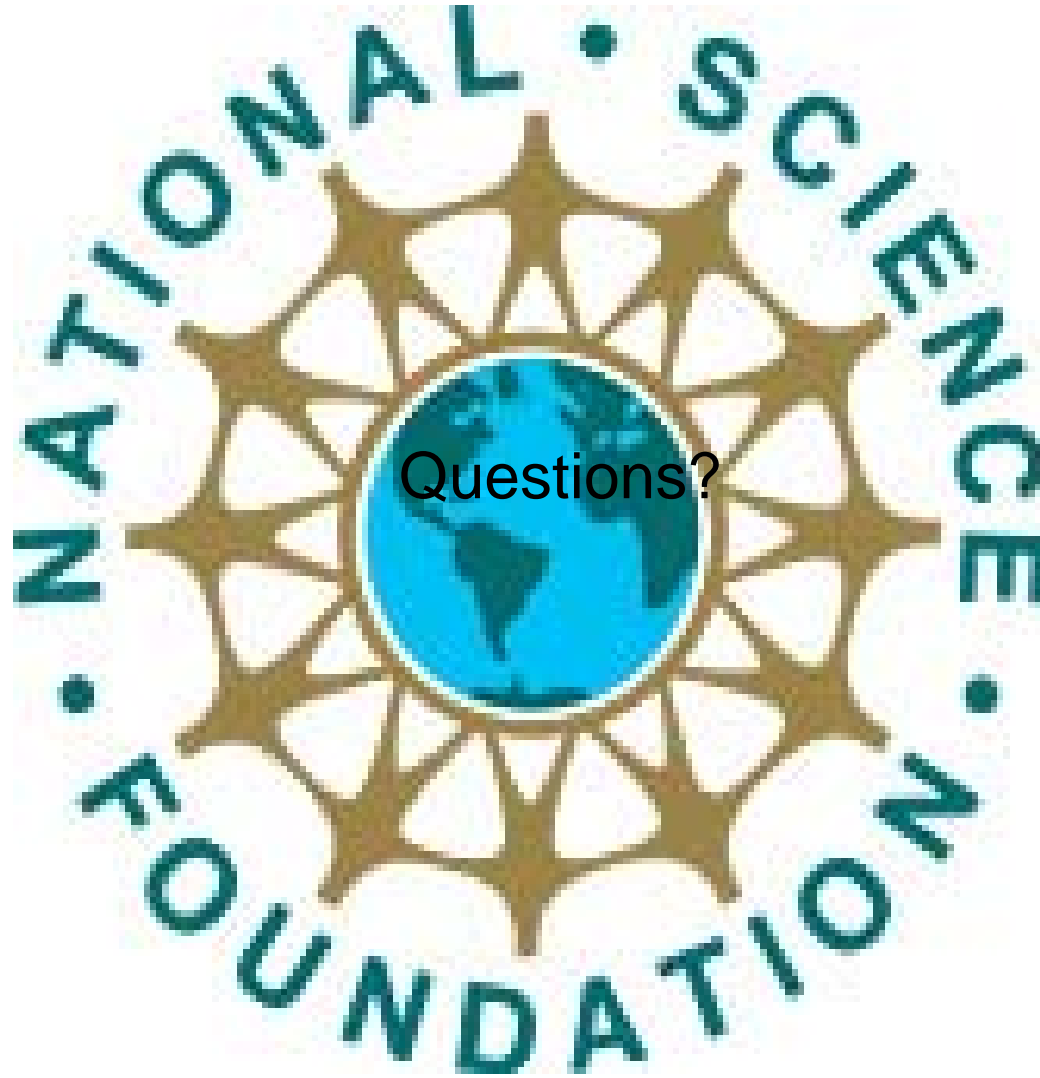
- NEW in NSF Review Criteria:
 - To what extent does the proposed activity suggest and explore creative, original, **or potentially transformative** concepts?
- Additional Review Criteria in solicitation
 - Special emphasis will be placed on proposals that promise to enhance competitiveness, innovation, or safety and security in the United States.
- “Science/Innovation First”
- High Risk and High Promised Impact



CI enabled Science & Eng

- “Discover, codify, disseminate” – classical paradigm for science comfortably done by simple rigidly structured organizations.
- Easily Available High End Data, Computing and Analysis Resources + Community Driven Collaborative Structures (e.g. Science Gateways, ... like nanoHUB, LEAD ...)
- “Engage, Explore, Apply, Share” – new paradigm for scientific efforts.
 - McKinsey & Co. Strategic Management of Enterprise Knowledge







Three CDI Themes

CDI seeks transformative research in the following general themes, via innovations in, and/or innovative use of, computational thinking:

- **From Data to Knowledge:** *enhancing human cognition and generating new knowledge from a wealth of heterogeneous digital data;*
- **Understanding Complexity in Natural, Built, and Social Systems:** *deriving fundamental insights on systems comprising multiple interacting elements; and*
- **Building Virtual Organizations:** *enhancing discovery and innovation by bringing people and resources together across institutional, geographical and cultural boundaries.*



Types of Projects

- Project size not measured by \$\$ but by magnitude of effort
- Three types are defined: Type I (~2 PI, 2 GRA), II (~3 PI, 3 GRA, 1 post-doc), and III (center scale).
- Type III, center-scale efforts, will not be supported in the first year of CDI